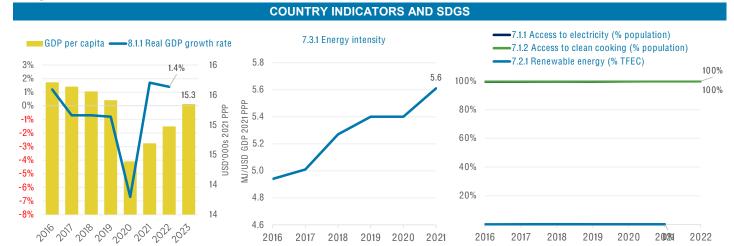
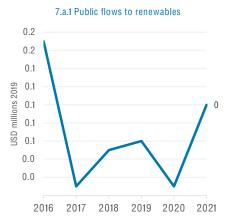
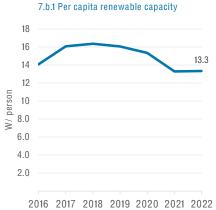
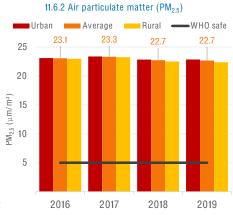
Algeria









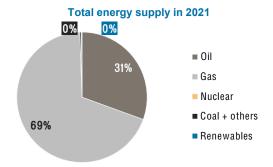


TOTAL ENERGY SUPPLY (TES)

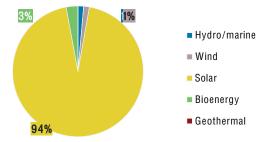
Total Energy Supply (TES)	2016	2021
Non-renewable (TJ)	2 201 107	2 550 367
Renewable (TJ)	3 422	4 052
Total (TJ)	2 204 529	2 554 419
Renewable share (%)	0	0

Growth in TES	2016-21	2020-21
Non-renewable (%)	+15.9	+6.9
Renewable (%)	+18.4	-3.5
Total (%)	+15.9	+6.9

Primary energy trade	2016	2021
Imports (TJ)	167 323	14 809
Exports (TJ)	4 224 553	3 662 170
Net trade (TJ)	4 057 230	3 647 361
Imports (% of supply)	8	1
Exports (% of production)	67	59
Energy self-sufficiency (%)	285	243

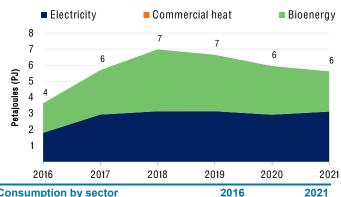


Renewable energy supply in 2021



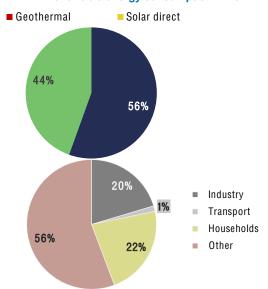
RENEWABLE ENERGY CONSUMPTION (TFEC)

Renewable TFEC trend



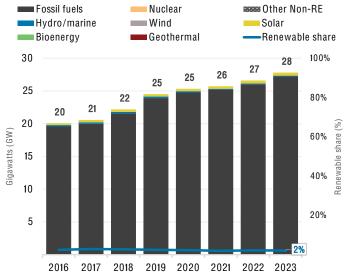
Consumption by sector 2016 2021 Industry (TJ) 833 1147 Transport (TJ) 35 78 Households (TJ) 789 1 265 Other (TJ) 1 981 3 134

Renewable energy consumption in 2021

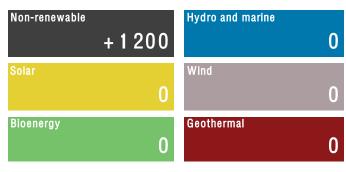


ELECTRICITY CAPACITY

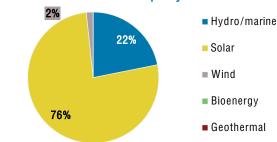




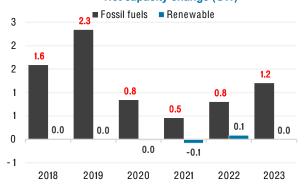
Net capacity change in 2023 (MW)



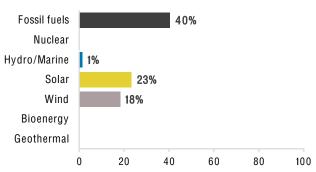
Renewable capacity in 2023



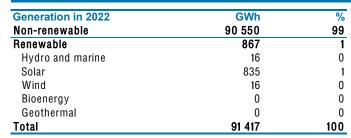
Net capacity change (GW)



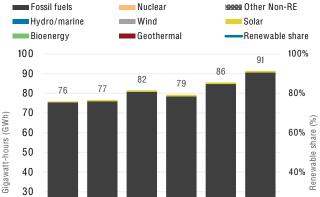
Capacity utilisation in 2022 (%)



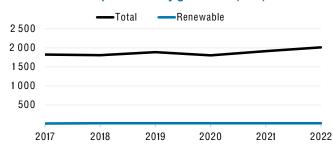
ELECTRICITY GENERATION







Per capita electricity generation (kWh)





20

10

0

2017

2018

2019

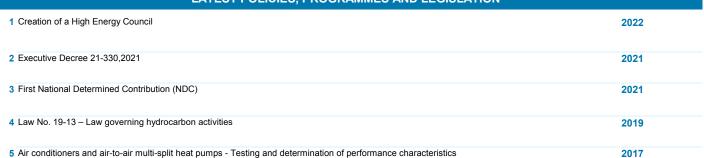
39

Mt CO₂

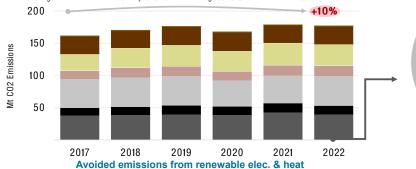
98%

2020

2021



ENERGY AND EMISSIONS CO₂ emissions by sector Elec. & heat Industrial Combustion Transport Buildings Fuel Exploitation Agriculture Waste 200 Coal + others





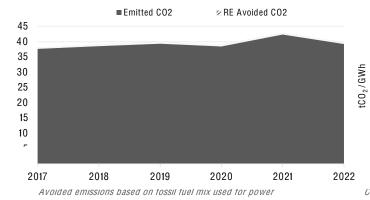
■ Gas

■ 0il

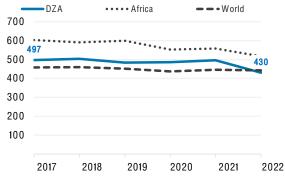
20%

0%

2022



Mt CO2 Emissions

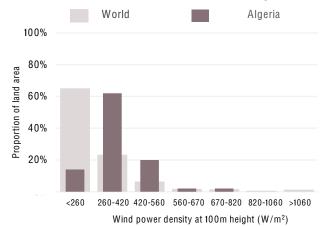


Calculated by dividing power sector emissions by elec. + heat gen.

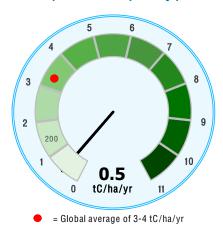
RENEWABLE RESOURCE POTENTIAL

Distribution of solar potential World Algeria 100% 80% Proportion of land area 60% 40% 20% 1.4 - 1.6 1.6 - 1.8 1.8 - 1.9 1.9 - 2.0 >2.0 <1.2 1.2 - 1.4Annual generation per unit of installed PV capacity (MWh/kWp)

Distribution of wind potential



Biomass potential: net primary production



Indicators of renewable resource potential

Solar PV: Solar resource potential has been divided into seven classes, each representing a range of annual PV output per unit of capacity (kWh/kWp/yr). The bar chart shows the proportion of a country's land area in each of these classes and the global distribution of land area across the classes (for comparison).

Onshore wind: Potential wind power density (W/m^2) is shown in the seven classes used by NREL, measured at a height of 100m. The bar chart shows the distribution of the country's land area in each of these classes compared to the global distribution of wind resources. Areas in the third class or above are considered to be a good wind resource.

Biomass: Net primary production (NPP) is the amount of carbon fixed by plants and accumulated as biomass each year. It is a basic measure of biomass productivity. The chart shows the average NPP in the country (tC/ha/yr), compared to the global average NPP of 3-4 tonnes of carbon



Additional notes: Capacity per capita and public investments SDGs only apply to developing areas. Energy self-sufficiency has been defined as total primary energy production divided by total primary energy supply. Energy trade includes all commodities in Chapter 27 of the Harmonised System (HS). Capacity utilisation is calculated as annual generation divided by year-end capacity x 8,760h/year. Avoided emissions from renewable power is calculated as renewable generation divided by fossil fuel generation multiplied by reported emissions from the power sector. This assumes that, if renewable power did not exist, fossil fuels would be used in its place to generate the same amount of power and using the same mix of fossil fuels. In countries and years where no fossil fuel generation occurs, an average fossil fuel emission factor has been used to calculate the avoided emissions.

These profiles have been produced to provide an overview of developments in renewable energy in different countries and areas. The IRENA statistics team would welcome comments and feedback on its structure and content, which can be sent to statistics@frena.org.

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